Exhibition celebrating the influence of renowned Polish architect Oskar Hansen opens at Yale School of Architecture



Images Oskar Hansen Open Form exhibition at Yale School of Architecture © Rich House Photography

An exhibition highlighting the work of Oskar Hansen (1922-2005), architect, urban planner, and theorist, has opened at the Yale School of Architecture (YSoA) running from 1 September to 17 December 2016.

Oskar Hansen: Open Form traces the evolution of Hansen's theory of Open Form from its origin in his own architectural projects to its application in film, visual games, and other artistic practices. The exhibition will be on view at YSoA through 17 December in Paul Rudolph Hall, 180 York St. It is free and open to the public Monday-Friday 9.00-5.00, and Saturday 10.00-5.00.

Hansen was a member of Team 10, the architectural group that formed the first critical voice against the modernist orthodoxy of the Athens Charter and the followers of Le Corbusier. In his Open Form theory, Hansen proposed parting ways with the model of the all-knowing expert. His theory is aimed at the participation, process, and change of hierarchy between an artist and viewer, and embraces art-as-process, engaging the viewer, recipient, and user.

Hansen presented his Open Form theory at Team 10's founding meeting — the International Congresses of Modern Architecture (CIAM) in 1959 — and continued to develop it through projects on various scales: from exhibition designs, temporary pavilions, and housing estates, to his Linear Continuous System, a project to establish decentralized cities running throughout Poland and the European continent. Regardless of the scale to which it was applied, the Open Form theory was intended to develop strategies of indeterminacy, flexibility, and collective participation.

For Hansen the role of architect in shaping the space was limited to the creation of a "perceptive background." The architecture was supposed to expose the diversity of events and individuals present in the space. By focusing on the process, subjectivity, and the creation of contexts for individual expression, Hansen believed, architecture became a tool that can be used and transformed by its users, and adapted easily to their changing needs. During Hansen's tenure at the Warsaw Academy of Fine Arts from 1952 to 1983, he passed on his theory of Open Form to generations of students, encouraging them to pursue art practices beyond traditional disciplines.

The exhibition is divided into seven sections that develop the idea of Open Form through the main areas to which Hansen applied it. The sections are intertwined so the way of visiting the show largely depends on the viewer, making the exhibition itself a kind of Open Form experience. Architect as a Curator addresses Hansen's dual role as an architect and curator. Politics of Scale is dedicated to Hansen's utopian and socialist approach to urban planning. Counter-Monument explores one of the first public discussions centering on the application of Open Form principles to memory, monument, and sculpture. Architecture as Events presents Hansen's research in the field of cybernetics — liaisons of architecture and the media — as well as mobile architecture. House as Open Form explores — via a house and an apartment designed by Hansen and his wife, Zofia Hansen — a number of progressive architectural concepts developed during its construction. Art and Didactics looks at Hansen's teaching methods during his tenure at Warsaw Academy of Fine Arts. In Tradition of Open Form, various approaches to the idea of Open Form are presented through the works of Grzegorz Kowalski, Artur Żmijewski, Paweł Althamer, KwieKulik, and Pawel Kwiek, among others.



Images (clockwise from left): Oskar Hansen at the AICA congress in Wrocław, 1975, phot. S. Stępniewski, courtesy Warsaw Academy of Fine Arts Museum. Oskar Hansen, Lech Tomaszewski, Stanisław Zamecznik, Design for Zachęta gallery extension, a model, 1958, courtesy Stanisław Zamecznik Archive, Museum of Modern Art in Warsaw. Oskar Hansen in his house in Szumin, date unknown, courtesy Igor Hansen.

The exhibition at the YSoA is the third edition of a show curated by Soledad Gutiérrez, Aleksandra Kędziorek, and Łukasz Ronduda of Poland. It is organized and produced by the Museum of Modern Art in Warsaw in collaboration with Culture.pl as part of the Campus Project. The exhibition was designed by Centrala. The show was previously exhibited at Museu d'Art Contemporani de Barcelona in 2014 and at the Serralves Museum of Contemporary Art in Porto in 2015.

Ends

Installation photographs from Yale and archive images of Hansen and his work can be found at the following link:

http://bit.ly/OskarHansen

For further information, interviews and installation images please contact

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The Campus Project

The <u>Adam Mickiewicz Institute</u> (AMI) is a national cultural institution aiming to strengthen Polish cultural impact and to enrich international cultural exchange. Launched by AMI in 2012, the Campus Project aims to foster relations between Poland and selected American academic institutions that span theater, music, visual arts, film, literature, architecture, and the social sciences. The Campus Project and all other activities of AMI are carried out under the flagship brand Culture.pl.

Yale School of Architecture

The <u>Yale School of Architecture</u>'s exhibition program is supported in part by the James Wilder Green Dean's Resource Fund, the Kibel Foundation Fund, the Nitkin Family Dean's Discretionary Fund in Architecture, the Pickard Chilton Dean's Resource Fund, the Paul Rudolph Publication Fund, the Robert A.M. Stern Fund, the Rutherford Trowbridge Memorial Publication and the School of Architecture Exhibitions Fund.



